

Your ref – APP/19/01226 HRA & Appropriate Assessment & Nutrient Budget - Construction of 44 dwellings with access, open space, landscaping and associated works. Land west of Coldharbour Farm Road, Emsworth PO10 7XA.

Thank you for consulting us on the above application.

Natural England notes that your authority, as competent authority under the provisions of the Habitats Regulations, has undertaken an Appropriate Assessment of the proposal, in accordance with Regulation 63 of the Regulations. Natural England is a statutory consultee on the Appropriate Assessment stage of the Habitats Regulations Assessment process.

Construction Environmental Management Plan – Further information required

Natural England advises a Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) should be submitted to and approved in writing by the district ecologist/biodiversity officer that identifies the steps and procedures that will be implemented to avoid or mitigate constructional impacts on species and habitats. We note that there is a watercourse on the north eastern boundary of the development site that flows into the Solent Maritime SAC, Chichester Langstone Harbours SPA and Chichester Harbour SSSI waterbodies. Due to the potential for adverse effects on the integrity of these sites, the CEMP should address the following:

- A list of defined potential impacts on the SAC, SPA & SSSI.
- Details of methods for pollution control to ensure that no pollution, such as debris from dust or surface run off, is able to enter the water.
- Details on the storage and disposal of waste on site.
- Details on how sediment/concrete/other debris that may be accidentally released during construction will be captured to prevent entering the water.
- Details of how noise, visual and vibrational disturbance will be controlled.

The approved CEMP should be secured via an appropriately worded condition attached to any planning consent and shall be adhered to at all times, unless otherwise first agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority.

Also note that, wherever possible, percussive piling or works with heavy machinery (i.e. plant resulting in a noise level in excess of 69dbAmax – measured at the sensitive receptor) should be avoided during the bird overwintering period (i.e. October to March inclusive). If such a condition is problematic to the applicant than Natural England will consider any implications of the proposals on the SPA bird interests on a case by case basis through our Discretionary Advice Service. Note: The sensitive receptor is the nearest point of the SPA or any SPA supporting habitat (e.g. high tide roosting site).

Solent Recreation Mitigation Strategy – No objection subject to mitigation

Since this application will result in a net increase in residential accommodation, impacts to the coastal Special Protection Area(s) and Ramsar site(s) may result from increased recreational pressure. Havant Borough Council has measures in place to manage these potential impacts through the agreed strategic solution which we consider to be ecologically sound.

Subject to the appropriate financial contribution being secured, Natural England is satisfied that the proposal will mitigate against the potential recreational impacts of the development on the site(s). It is Natural England's view that the Solent Mitigation Recreation Strategy Contribution adequately mitigates the effects of the development on potential recreational impacts on the designated sites.

Deterioration of the water environment – No objection subject to mitigation

The nutrient budget has been calculated in line with Natural England's Advice on Achieving Nutrient Neutrality in the Solent (version 5 June 2020). Provided the competent authority is assured and satisfied that the site areas used in the calculation are correct and that the existing land uses are appropriately precautionary, then Natural England raises no concerns with regard to the nutrient budget.

Please note the calculation is based on all wastewater from the development being treated at Thornham WwTWs. If this situation changes, a reassessment of the nutrient calculation will be required and a revised Habitats Regulations Assessment will be necessary.

In line with Natural England's advice, it is noted that a planning condition will be imposed on any permission to secure that the dwellings shall not be occupied until the Building Regulations Optional requirement of a maximum water use of 110 litres per person per day has been complied with.

It is noted that the approach to address the positive nitrogen budget for this development is via Havant Borough Council's mitigation scheme. We welcome and support this initiative which has scope for nutrient offsetting and biodiversity gain.

Natural England has reviewed the Position Statement and Mitigation Plan for Nutrient Neutrality Development (August 2020) and Warblington Farm Study Evidence Base (Ricardo, June 2020).

Natural England concurs with the conclusion of this work that this scheme will deliver effective mitigation for developments draining to Budd's Farm WwTW and Thornham WwTW.

The nitrogen capacity of the land and proposed management of the offsetting land has been discussed and agreed. It is understood that this has been secured through legal agreements to ensure that effective mitigation is delivered for the lifetime of the development. It is also understood that a system has been set up to monitor the developments using the mitigation scheme to ensure there is capacity available for each scheme. Provided this is the case and the long term management of the mitigation scheme is monitored by the local planning authority, as competent authority, to ensure effective mitigation for the lifetime of the development, Natural England raises no further concerns.

It is for the competent authority to determine the importance of timing issues for each development, depending on location and form of mitigation applied. Given the close proximity of the mitigation land to designated sites, Natural England is not expecting any significant timing issues in this case, provided the land is brought into appropriate management at the earliest opportunity.

In considering the significance of timing issues within an appropriate assessment competent authorities should take account of the average time taken from the removal of agricultural activities to first occupation and rate of completions for each development. Provided the local planning authority is satisfied that timely mitigation can be delivered in this case, Natural England raises no further comments for consideration.

Joseph Forster

Sustainable Development Advisor

Thames Solent Team | Natural England

07464 905079

www.gov.uk/natural-england

