

Your ref – APP/20/00913, Demolition of existing buildings in a conservation area and erection of 2 No. 3 bed houses, 1 No. 1 bed apartment and 1 No. 2 bed maisonette.

Hi Lewis,

Thank you for consulting Natural England on the updated Habitats Regulations Assessment and Appropriate Assessment for the above application.

Natural England notes that your authority, as competent authority, has undertaken an appropriate assessment of the proposal in accordance with regulation 63 of the Conservation of Species and Habitats Regulations 2017 (as amended). Natural England is a statutory consultee on the appropriate assessment stage of the Habitats Regulations Assessment process.

Your appropriate assessment concludes that your authority is able to ascertain that the proposal will not result in adverse effects on the integrity of any of the sites in question. Having considered the assessment, and the measures proposed to mitigate for all identified adverse effects that could potentially occur as a result of the proposal, Natural England advises that we concur with the assessment conclusions, providing that all mitigation measures are appropriately secured in any planning permission given. Please find comments on the mitigation below.

Solent Recreation Mitigation Strategy

Since this application will result in a net increase in residential accommodation, impacts to the coastal Special Protection Area(s) and Ramsar site(s) may result from increased recreational pressure. Havant Borough Council has measures in place to manage these potential impacts through the agreed strategic solution which we consider to be ecologically sound.

Subject to the appropriate financial contribution being secured, Natural England is satisfied that the proposal will mitigate against the potential recreational impacts of the development on the site(s). It is Natural England's view that the Solent Mitigation Recreation Strategy Contribution adequately mitigates the effects of the development on potential recreational impacts on the designated sites.

Deterioration of the water environment

The nutrient budget has been calculated in line with Natural England's Advice on Achieving Nutrient Neutrality in the Solent (version 5 June 2020). Provided the competent authority is assured and satisfied that the site areas used in the calculation are correct and that the existing land uses are appropriately precautionary, then Natural England raises no concerns with regard to the nutrient budget.

Please note the calculation is based on all wastewater from the development being treated at Budds Farm WwTWs. If this situation changes, a reassessment of the nutrient calculation will be required and a revised Habitats Regulations Assessment will be necessary.

In line with Natural England's advice, it is noted that a planning condition will be imposed on any permission to secure that the dwellings shall not be occupied until the Building Regulations Optional requirement of a maximum water use of 110 litres per person per day has been complied with.

It is noted that the approach to address the positive nitrogen budget for this development is via Havant Borough Council's mitigation scheme. We welcome and support this initiative which has scope for nutrient offsetting and biodiversity gain.

Natural England has reviewed the Position Statement and Mitigation Plan for Nutrient Neutrality Development (August 2020) and Warblington Farm Study Evidence Base (Ricardo, June 2020). Natural England concurs with the conclusion of this work that this scheme will deliver effective mitigation for developments draining to Budd's Farm WwTW and Thornham WwTW.

The nitrogen capacity of the land and proposed management of the offsetting land has been discussed and agreed. It is understood that this has been secured through legal agreements to ensure that effective mitigation is delivered for the lifetime of the development. It is also understood that a system has been set up to monitor the developments using the mitigation scheme to ensure there is capacity available for each scheme. Provided this is the case and the long term management of the mitigation scheme is monitored by the local planning authority, as competent authority, to ensure effective mitigation for the lifetime of the development, Natural England raises no further concerns.

It is for the competent authority to determine the importance of timing issues for each development, depending on location and form of mitigation applied. Given the close proximity of the mitigation land to designated sites, Natural England is not expecting any significant timing issues in this case, provided the land is brought into appropriate management at the earliest opportunity. In considering the significance of timing issues within an appropriate assessment competent authorities should take account of the average time taken from the removal of agricultural activities to first occupation and rate of completions for each development. Provided the local planning authority is satisfied that timely mitigation can be delivered in this case, Natural England raises no further comments for consideration.

Any questions, please let me know.

Regards,

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