

Land adjacent Mandai
St Peters Road
Hayling Island PO11 0RT

1. Introduction

- 1.1. This statement has been prepared to support the following:

Use of land for touring caravan site
- 1.2. The application is submitted by The Town Planning Experts who act as planning consultants to the applicant.

2. Planning History

- 2.1. 05/60059/000 Outline application for construction of a chalet bungalow with shared access. Refused and appeal dismissed.
- 2.2. Application for Lawful Development for an existing Use – Material Change of Use as Leisure Plot together with retention of associated buildings and structures – Refused 21 January 2015
- 2.3. Enforcement Notice – cease use as leisure plot. Appeal dismissed, currently before High Court.

3. Site Context

- 3.1 The site is a rectangular-shaped plot of land, approximately 0.14 ha (0.33 acres) in size, lying on the west side of St Peter's Road at the southern extremity of North Hayling.
- 3.2. It lies immediately to the south of the property known as Mandai a two-storey house separated from the land by hedging.
- 3.3. The land is currently occupied by 2 caravans, one permanently sited and a touring caravan, a wooden shed, a shipping container and associated paraphernalia.

4. Policy Framework

4.1 National Policy

- 4.2 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) was introduced on March 27 2012, and sets out the Government's planning policies for England and how these are expected to be applied..
- 4.3 It indicates that the purpose of the planning system is to contribute to the achievement of sustainable development. It identifies that there are three dimensions to sustainable development – economic, social and environmental.
- 4.4 Planning can assist the economic role by building a strong, responsive and competitive economy; the social role by supporting strong, healthy and vibrant communities, and the environmental role by protecting and enhancing our natural, built and historic environment. These roles are seen as mutually dependent.
- 4.5 The NPPF advises in para 9 that “Pursuing sustainable development involves seeking positive improvements in the quality of the built, natural and historic environment, as well as in people’s quality of life”. This can include, creating jobs, replacing poor design with better designs, and improving the conditions in which people work, live, travel and take leisure.

- 4.6 In para 10 it advises that “Plans and decisions need to take local circumstances into account, so that they respond to the different opportunities for achieving sustainable development in different areas.”

4.7 Tourism

- 4.8 In 2006 the Government produced a Good Practice Guide for Planning for Tourism, which is designed to:
- ensure that planners understand the importance of tourism and take this fully into account when preparing development plans and taking planning decisions
 - ensure that those involved in the tourism industry understand the principles of national planning policy as they apply to tourism and how these can be applied when preparing individual planning applications and
 - ensure that planners and the tourism industry work together effectively to facilitate, promote and deliver new tourism development in a sustainable way
- 4.9 Para 2.4 explains that “tourism can bring many broader benefits that will contribute to the economic and social well-being of local communities as well as to individuals.”

-
- 4.10 It advises in para 2.5 that the revenue from tourist uses can support and enhance local services and facilities such as pubs and shops, and underpin the quality of the local environment.
- 4.11 Annex A to the guidance relates to Tourist Accommodation. It advises that despite the diversity of accommodation “all are capable of bringing economic benefits to the areas in which they are located.” and points out that “these benefits will need to be assessed alongside other issues such as suitability of the location in terms of its sustainability.”
- 4.12 Annex B deals with Seasonal and Holiday Occupation Conditions. In para 3 it advises that:
- “The aim of such conditions is generally to ensure that the premises are only used by visitors and do not become part of the local housing stock.”
- 4.13. Local Policy**
- 4.14 The Havant Borough Core Strategy was adopted on 1 March 2011 and sets out local planning policy until 2026. The Strategy sets out a vision for the Borough which it intends to meet by seeking an appropriate balance between protecting the natural and built environment; delivering new economic growth and community regeneration; meeting the social needs of its communities and the prudent use of natural resources.
- 4.15. Policy C17 identifies where new development will be encouraged, and states
- 1. Development will be permitted that makes the most effective use of land in the borough by granting planning permission that:*
- Concentrates new housing, employment, retail, leisure and other development within the five urban areas of Havant, Leigh Park, Waterlooville, Emsworth and Hayling Island, as shown on the Proposals Map.*
- 2. Prioritises development on previously developed land, including redundant, derelict or underused land and buildings within the urban area.*
- 4.16. Policy CS5 relates to tourism and states:
- Planning permission will be granted for appropriate development proposals around the borough that:*
- 1. Provide sustainable and small scale recreational opportunities.*
 - 2. Provide hotel and other types of tourist accommodation.*
 - 3. Safeguard existing tourist facilities, hotels, holiday centres and caravan parks.*
 - 4. Improve existing tourist facilities, hotels, holiday centres and caravan parks.*

5. Planning Principles

- 5.1. The proposed site is immediately adjacent to housing in North Hayling, and has been used as an informal garden for many years.
- 5.2. It enjoys its own access off St Peters Road, and is screened by existing hedges from public vantage points.
- 5.3. The site has its own electricity and water supply and has toilet/shower facilities.
- 5.4. The proposal is to provide up to 3 pitches for touring caravans.
- 5.5. National and local policies support small-scale tourist facilities in the countryside, and given the importance of leisure facilities on Hayling Island this proposal is seen as complementing the existing offer.
- 5.6. Tourism makes a major contribution both to the national economy and to the prosperity of rural areas. Its continuing growth generates a range of economic activity and new job opportunities. Government policy seeks that the planning system should therefore facilitate and encourage development and improvement in tourist provision, while tackling any adverse effects of existing tourist attractions and activity in a constructive and positive manner.
- 5.7. In recent years the growth in tourism has been accompanied by changes in the types and distribution of tourism. Decline in the traditional longer-stay holiday at a single destination in Britain has been partially offset by significant increases in other markets. These include short breaks, second holidays, day trips, business travel and special interest or activity holidays. Such trends are effectively extending the length of the "holiday season" and bringing economic benefits.
- 5.8. To cater for such growth there is a need to provide additional accommodation suited to such activities. Touring caravans are one such area of growth. Self-catering accommodation, 40% of which is accounted for by caravans, accounts for almost two-thirds of all commercial tourist bednights in England. In Britain as a whole, 13 million people take holidays in caravans.
- 5.9. Much of Hayling Island's caravan industry is based on static caravans which are rented out for the summer season. There are in comparison few facilities for touring caravans
- 5.10. The popularity of touring caravans and motor homes is increasing, and is reckoned to contribute £6bn to the UK economy
- 5.11. Hayling Island is a popular holiday destination with its sailing and water based activities, beaches and walking facilities. Attractions nearby include the Billy trail and Northney Farm.

-
- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>5.12. In addition to supporting local tourist attractions, visitors are likely to frequent local pubs and restaurants, and use local shops to obtain food and other necessities.</p> <p>5.13. The site is well screened by existing mature hedgerows on all sides so the caravans would not be visually intrusive in the countryside.</p> <p>5.14. The site is not close to any areas of ecological importance so there would be no impact on local wildlife.</p> <p>5.15. As indicated above the site already enjoys electricity and water supplies. Toilet and shower facilities would be provided near the entrance and connected to the main sewer. No additional facilities would need to be brought on to the site.</p> <p>5.16. Access to the site is good being served by the U615 St Peters Road, which is subject to a 30 mph limit. Bookings would be taken in advance via the internet and caravans would be directed to access and exit the site by the northern junction with Havant Road, near Langstone Bridge, as visibility is better than by the Yew Tree PH.</p> <p>5.17. The entrance to the site would be improved by widening to 4.2 metres, allowing 2 vehicles to pass, while the radius to the northern side of the entrance would be increased to 4.5 metres, and the hedgerow trimmed back again to encourage visitors to enter and leave via that direction.</p> | <p>5.18. The number of sites would be restricted to three, and it is anticipated that those using the site would stay for 1 or 2 weeks, using the site as a base to explore the local area.</p> <p>5.19. As such the caravans would make no more than six movements a week with private motor vehicles making on average up to a total 12 movements per day at the busiest times of the year.</p> <p>5.20. The site is within Flood Zone 1, although the access and adjoining road fall within Flood Zone 2. Flooding would be tidal and likely to occur during winter months when the site could be expected to be unoccupied. Such flooding by its nature would only be of short duration and any people could wait in the site for the water to subside/</p> |
|--|---|

6.0 Conclusion

- 6.1. The proposal to utilise this site for the provision of touring caravans would add to and support the existing tourism offer on Hayling Island.
- 6.2. It already enjoys main services, and is screened from public view by mature hedgerows.
- 6.3. The site enjoys good access and the limited scale of the operation would not interfere with highway safety.
- 6.4. The proposal is considered to comply with national and local policies and as such it is requested that planning permission be granted.